

Soil Moisture and Land- Atmosphere Coupling with Higher Resolution Soil Moisture

Joshua K. Roundy

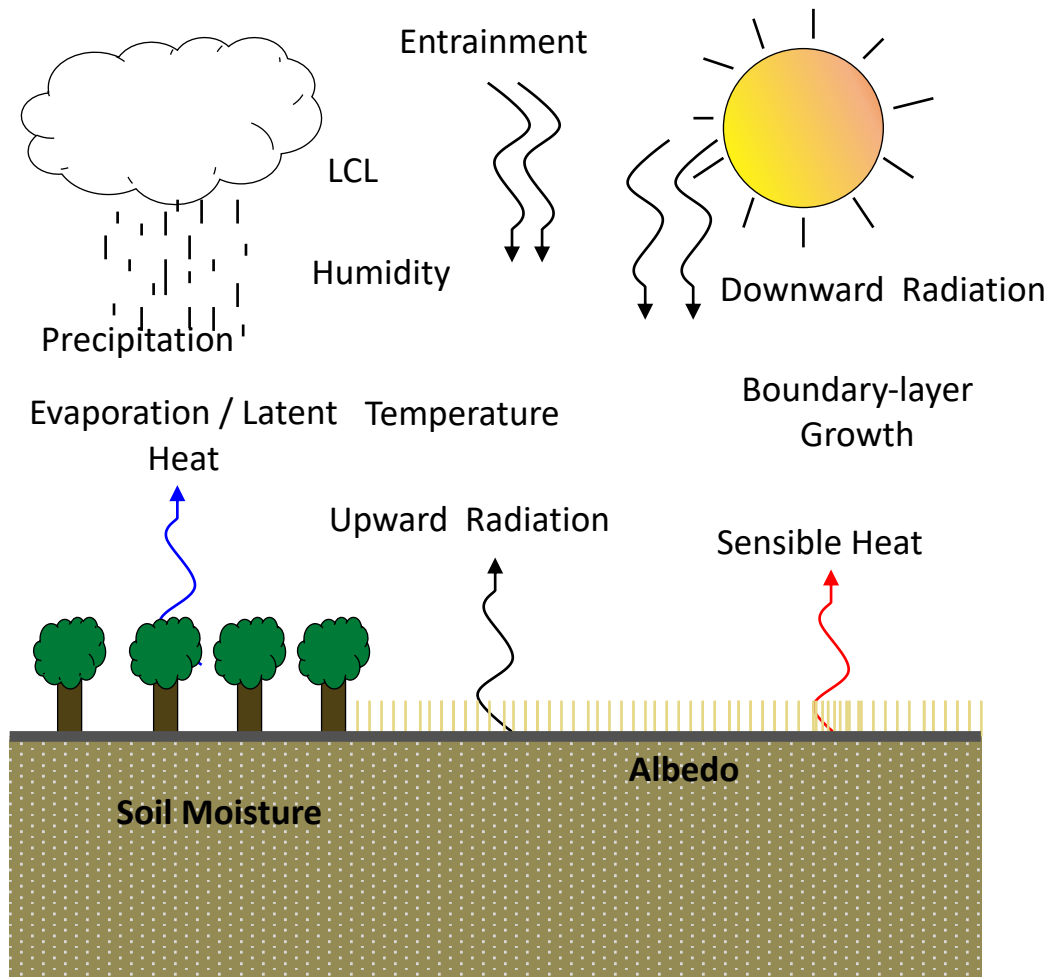
Department of Civil, Environmental, and Architectural Engineering
University of Kansas

Wednesday October 11, 2023

JPL CCS workshop: Science of 10-km L-band Radiometry
Pasadena, CA

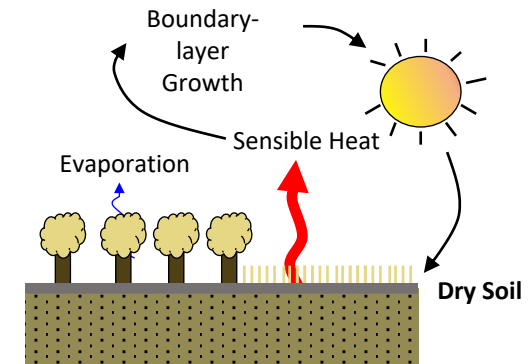


Land Atmosphere Interactions Impact on Extreme Events



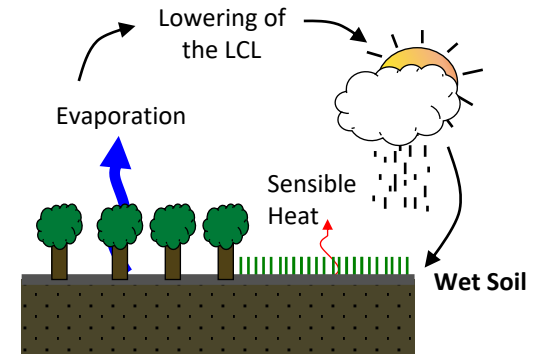
Dry Coupling Regime

DRY



WET

Wet Coupling Regime



While land-atmosphere coupling plays a role in these events, consistent large-scale forcing is also necessary

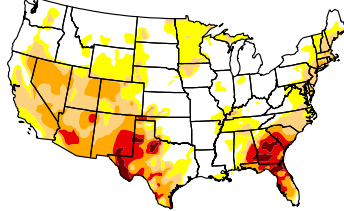
Current Remote Sensing capabilities Provide Insights for Large Scale Droughts

US Drought Monitor

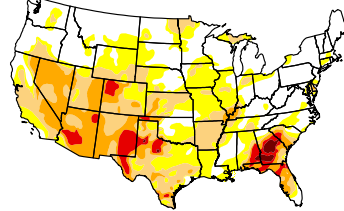
Intensity:



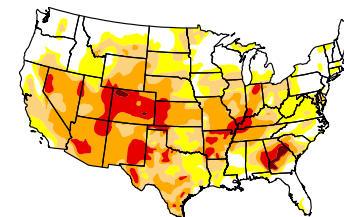
May 8, 2012



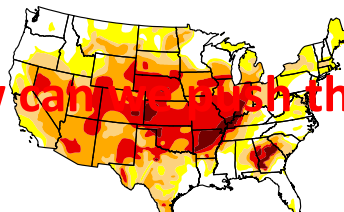
Jun 5, 2012



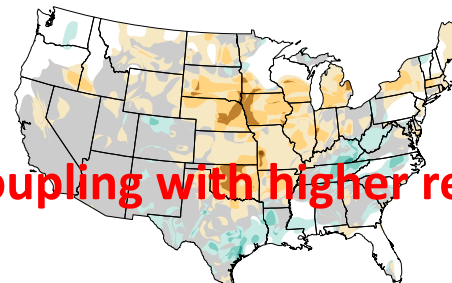
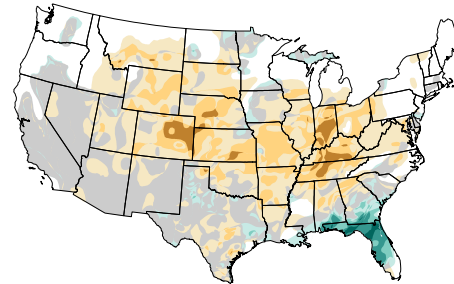
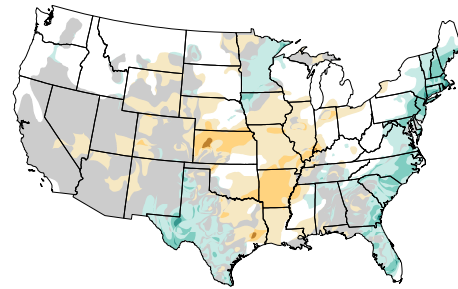
Jul 3, 2012



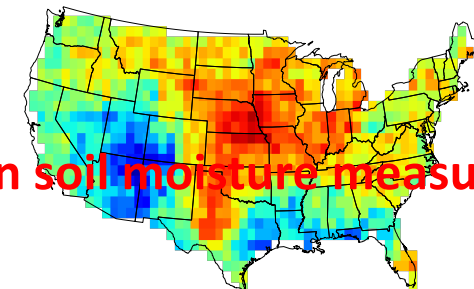
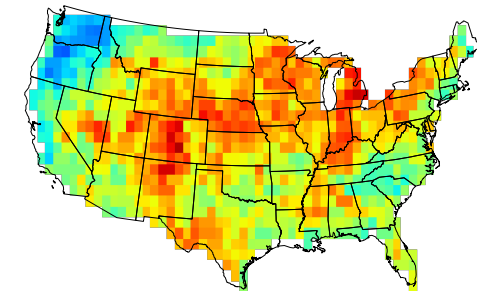
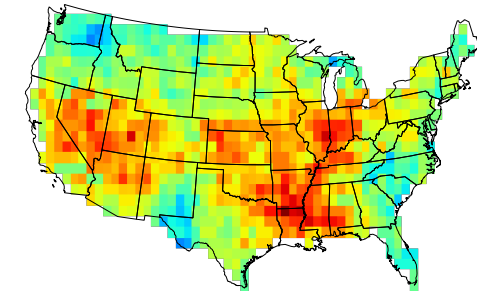
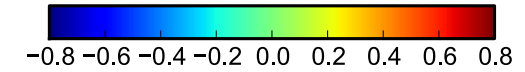
Jul 31, 2012



Class Change Recovery Intensification



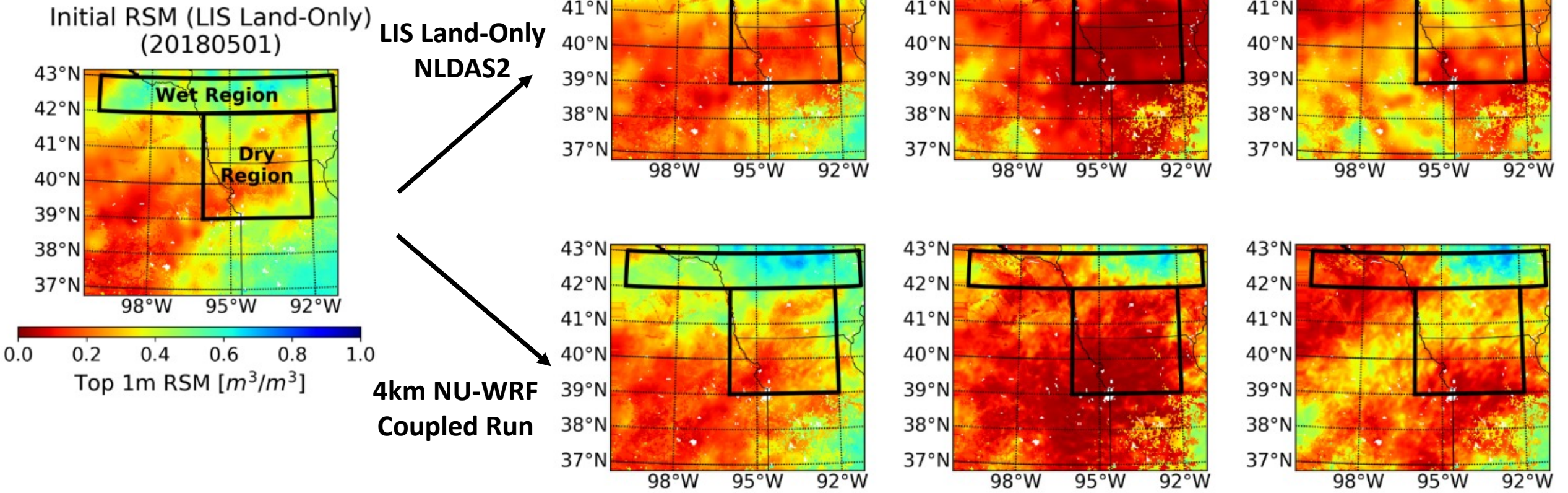
Remote Sensing Coupling Anomalies Recovery Intensification



How can we push the science of L-A coupling with higher resolution soil moisture measurements?

Spatial Heterogeneity of Soil Moisture During the Evolution of droughts

2018 Drought Kansas-Missouri-Nebraska, Iowa



Spatial Heterogeneity of Soil Moisture is Connected with Mesoscale Circulation

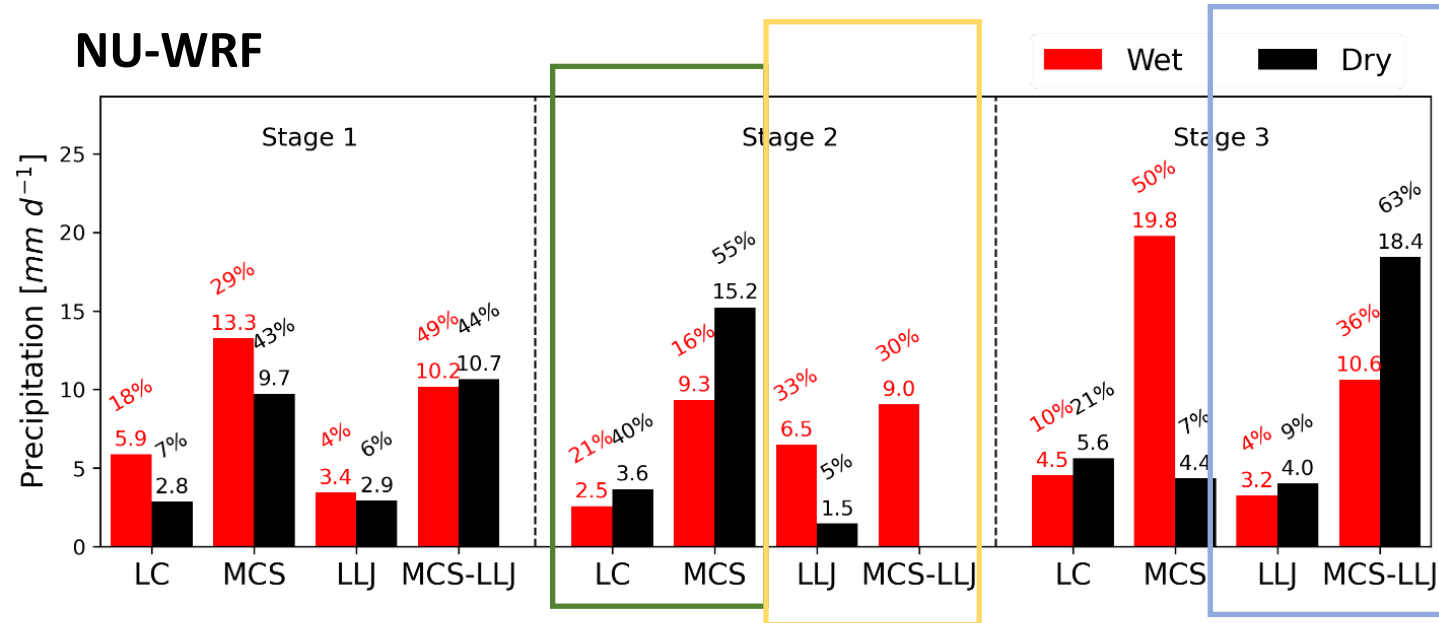
LC – Local Feedbacks

MCS – Mesoscale Convective System

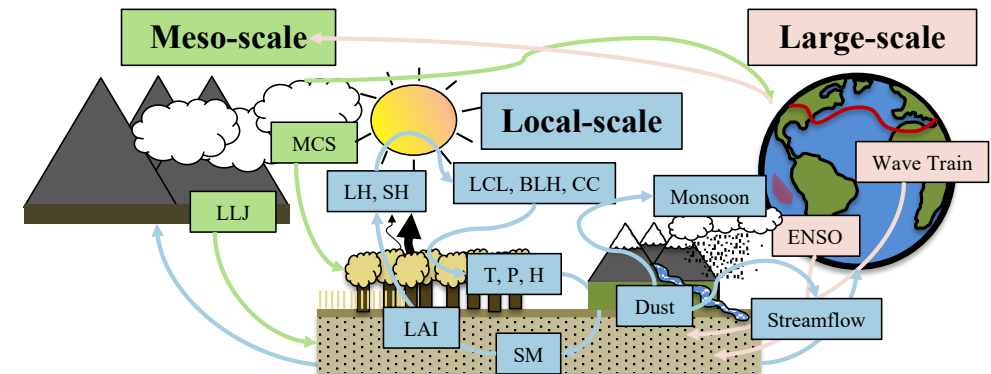
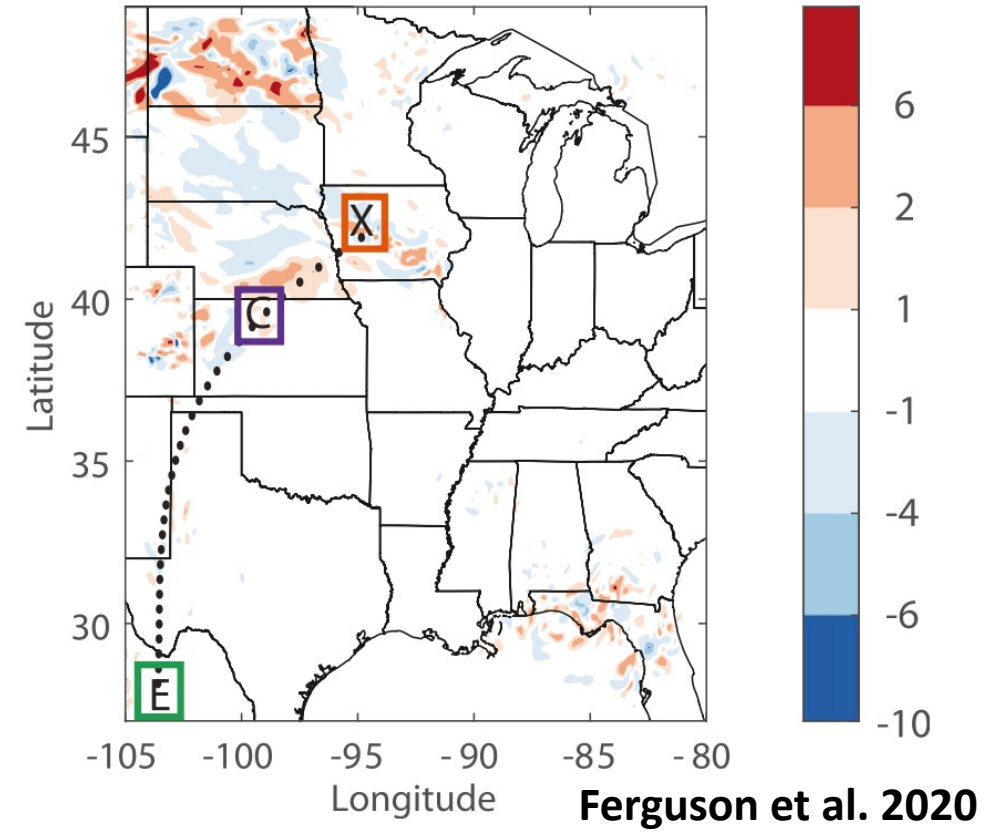
LLJ – Low Level Jet

MCS-LLJ – Both MCS and LLJ

NU-WRF



Zhang et al. (in preparation)

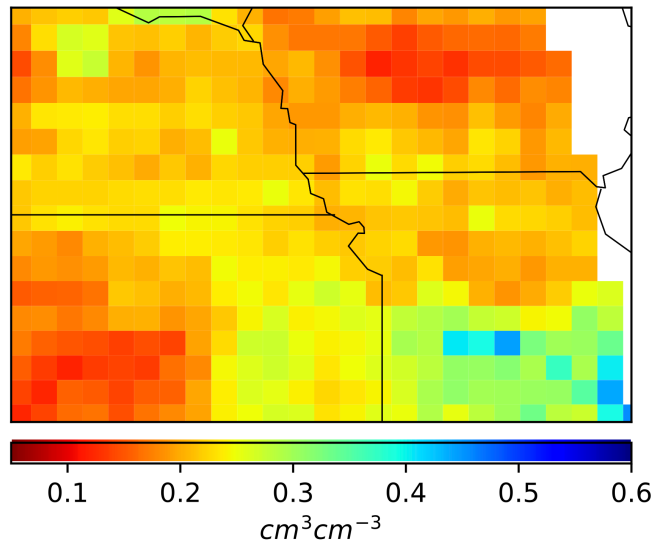


Hires Soil Moisture Measurements is Needed for Understanding Extreme Events

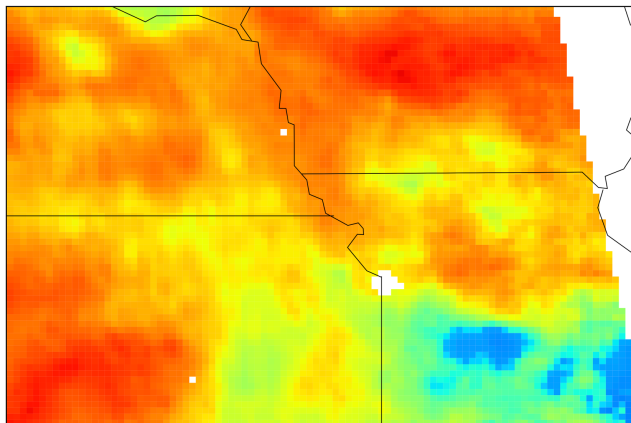
- Heterogeneity of Soil moisture is important for understanding the evolution of extreme events
- Heterogeneity is important to untangling the feedbacks between the local and mesoscale

SMAP Soil Moisture May 1, 2018

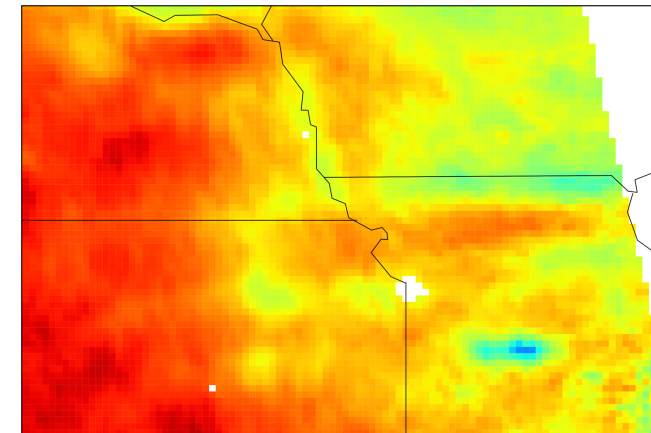
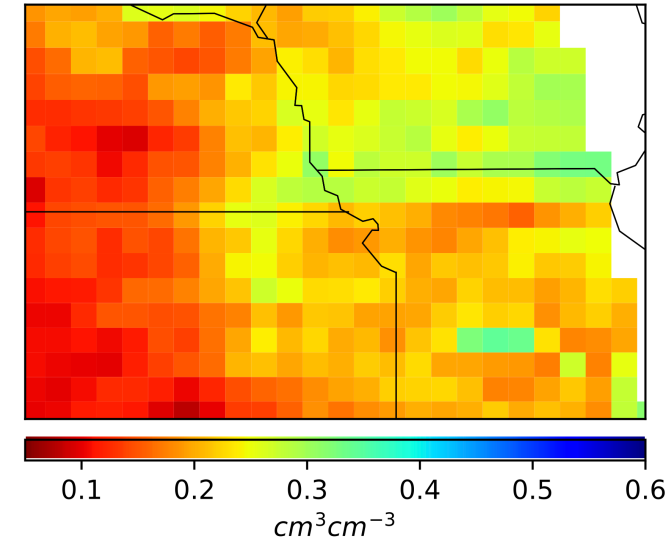
36 km



9 km



SMAP Soil Moisture Sep 30, 2018



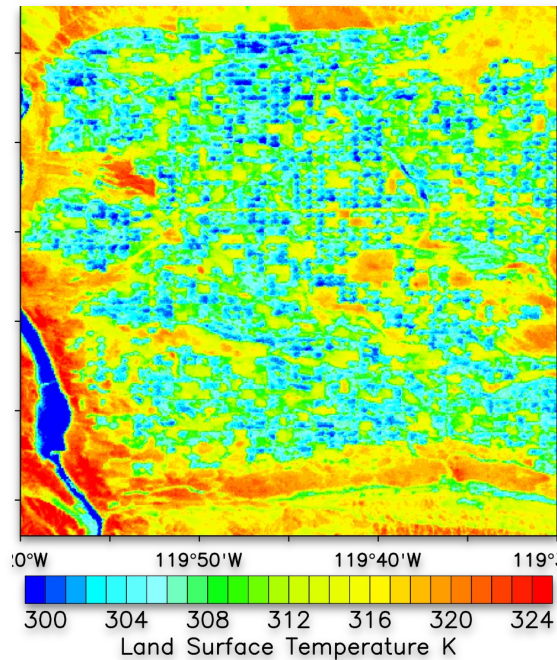
Hires Soil Moisture Measurements is Needed for Understanding Human Impacts

Lawston-Parker et al. 2023, HESS

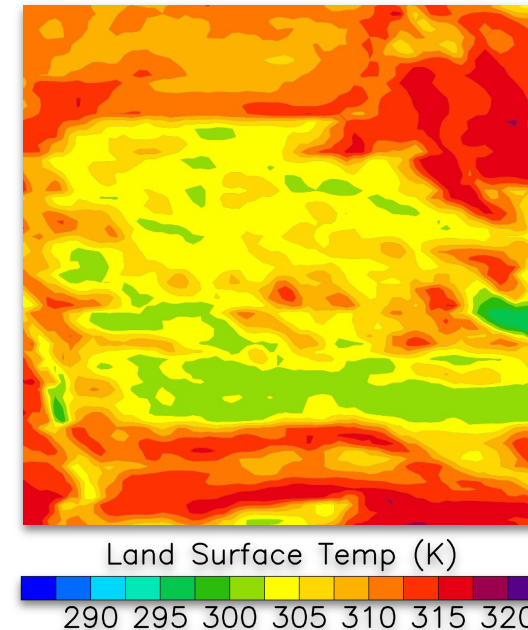
- Even a small percentage of irrigation can cause large changes in soil moisture, fluxes, and PBLH
- Different irrigation maps create a different spatial signature of irrigation and downstream impacts
- The spread in evaporative fraction (EF) is different across irrigated runs even though the spatial averages are similar
- Some 'tiles' reach critical moisture and PBL thresholds that allow for PBL feedbacks that are not well represented by the 'gridcell' average value

Example for Central Washington

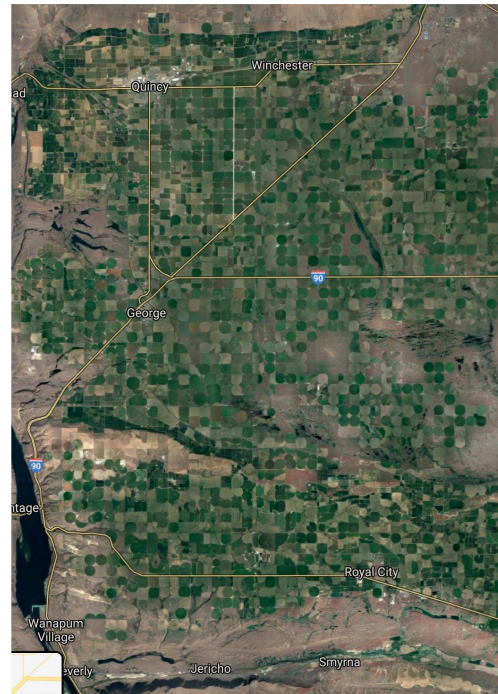
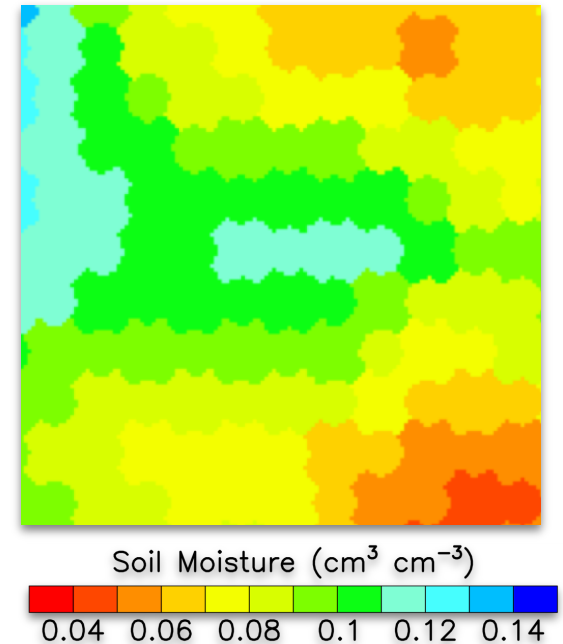
ECOSTRESS LST



MODIS LST



SMAP SM



~ 40 km

70 m

1 km

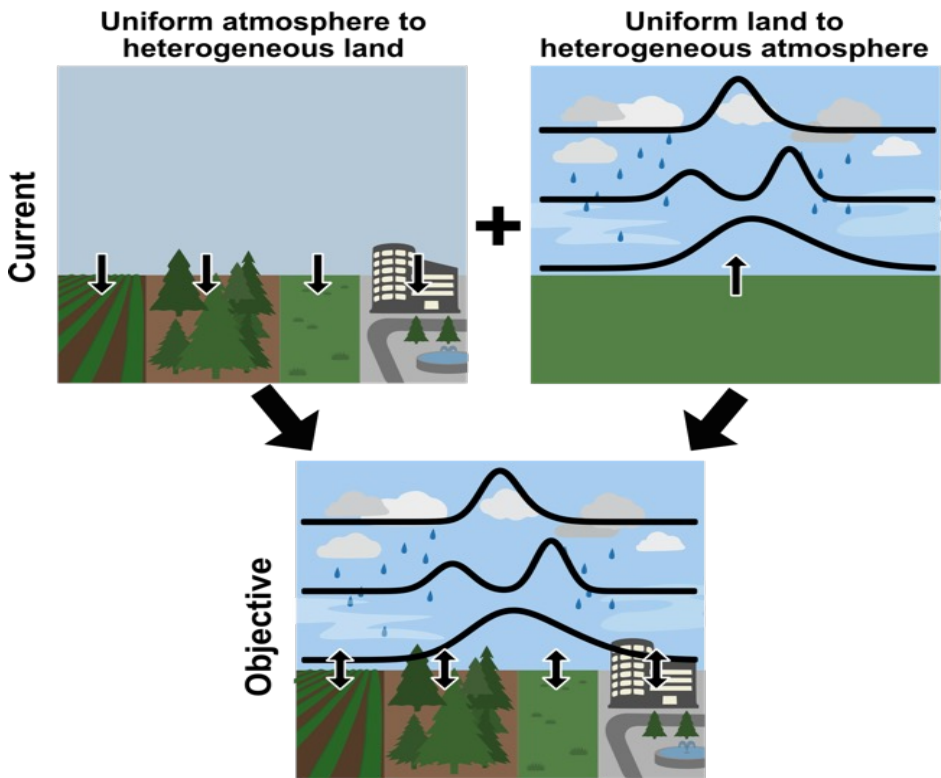
9 km

Hires Soil Moisture Measurements is Needed for Forecast Models

Physical Models

Getting these feedbacks correct in physical models is important for future forecasts

- We need hires observations of soil moisture to scrutinize physically based models

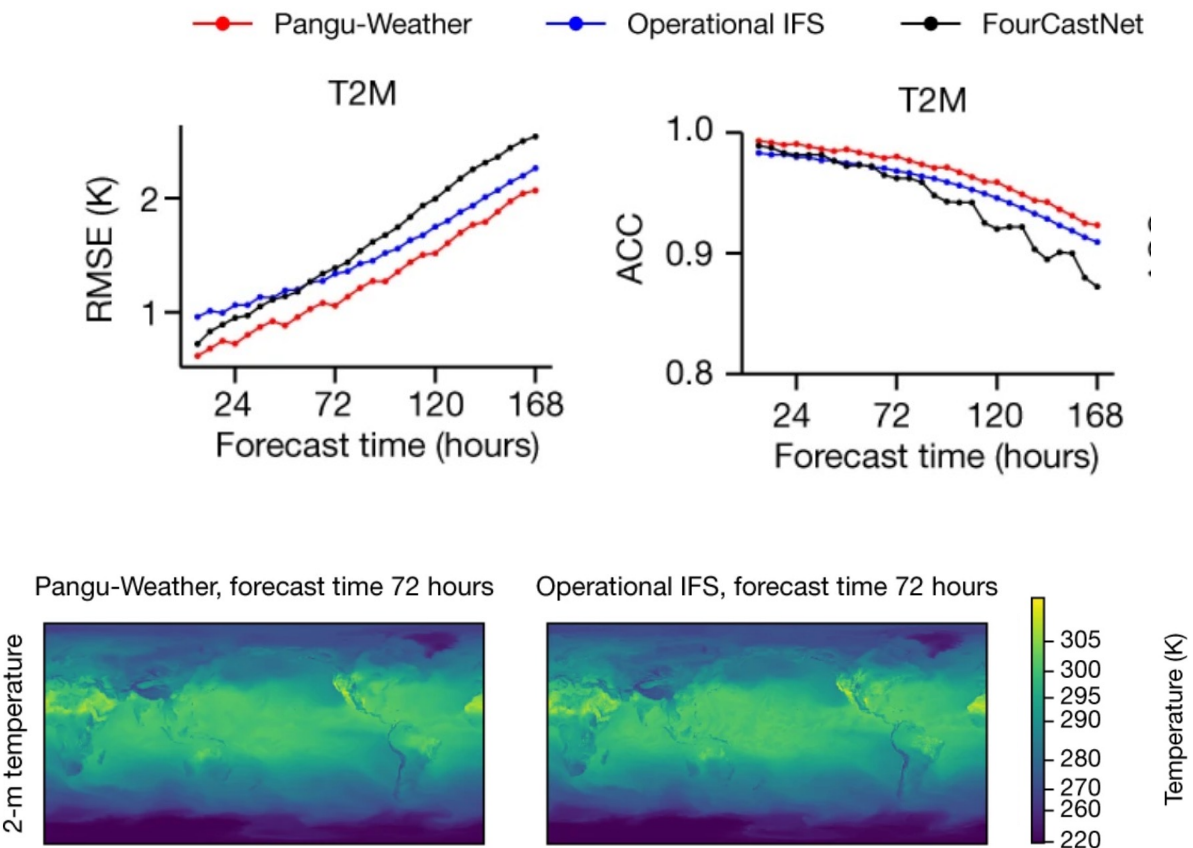


NOAA CPT: Coupling of Land and Atmosphere Subgrid Parameterizations (CLASP), Lead PI: Nate Chaney

ML/AI Models

The future of extreme event forecasting lies in ML/AI

- We need hires observations of soil moisture to train and run ML/AI models.



Bi et al. 2023, Nature

Summary and Conclusions

Higher resolution soil moisture measurements will push the science of L-A coupling for:

- **Extreme Event Evolution**
- **Human Impacts**
- **Forecast Models**

This is due to the heterogeneity of soil moisture and land-atmosphere feedbacks that occur at different scales (local, meso)

